

Anglo-Saxons, Vikings and Scots Knowledge Organiser

Vocabulary

push factor - factors that make people leave their country

pull factor - factors that make people want to move to a specific country

migration - people who move from one country to another

raid - a quick, surprise attack

evidence - a collection of facts or information

manuscript - old documents written by hand

artefact - an object made by humans

monastery - a building where christian monks live and worship

primary source - original objects or documents

secondary source - information based on original objects or documents, but not original itself

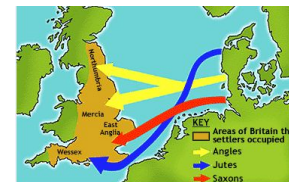
Why did the Anglo-Saxons, Vikings and Scots Invade Britain?

Push Factors	Pull Factors
The Anglo Saxons lived in a place that often flooded. The Vikings didn't have enough good land to share with their sons. The Anglo Saxons and Vikings lived in very cold places. The Scots wanted more farming land.	Britons invited some Anglo Saxons to fight with them, against the Scots and Picts. Britain had fertile land for growing food. Britain had a milder climate. The Vikings wanted to raid Britain so they could have more wealth. Some Anglo Saxon warriors thought the Britons were weak and easy to beat.

Where did the Vikings come from and where did they settle?



Where did the Anglo Saxons come from and where did they settle?



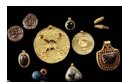
What was life like in Anglo-Saxon and Viking Britain?



Viking house



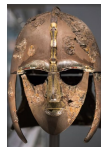
Anglo Saxon house



Anglo-Saxon jewellery

How do we know about the Vikings, Anglo-Saxons and Scots?

Archaeologists have found lots of artefacts, and manuscripts of myths and legends, that tell us about them. They uncovered lots of objects at two sites in particular. These collections are called the Sutton Hoo hoard and the Staffordshire hoard.



How were the Vikings and Anglo-Saxons different?

The Anglo-Saxons were made up of three tribes, the Angles, the Jutes and the Saxons. The Vikings were one tribe.

The Vikings were very good seamen. The Anglo Saxons were good farmers and craftspeople. The Vikings travelled and invaded lots of places, but the Anglo-Saxons only invaded Britain. The Vikings and Anglo Saxons fought many battles in Britain. Eventually Alfred the Great, an Anglo Saxon king, brought about victory for his people and peace with the Vikings.

Where did the Scots come from?

The Scots were from Ireland. They invaded the west coast of what is now called Scotland. The Picts were a tribe who already lived in the north and north east of what is now called Scotland.

400 AD (CE)
The Scots
invade
northern
Britain

410 AD (CE)
The Romans
leave Britain

449 AD (CE)
The Anglo
Saxons arrive
in Britain

793 AD (CE)
The Vikings
first raid in
Britain at
Lindisfarne

871 AD (CE)
Alfred the
Great
becomes King
of England

886 AD (CE)
Alfred the Great
defeats the Vikings
but allows them to
stay

1042 AD (CE)
Edward the Confessor
(an Anglo Saxon)
becomes king of
England

1066 AD (CE)
Edward the Confessor
dies. The Normans
beat the English at the
Battle of Hastings